NATO OTAN

The NATO Science for Peace and Security Programme

Science for Peace and Security (SPS) Cooperation with Belarus

Belarus has been an active Partner within the framework of the NATO SPS Programme since 1992. It is part of the 50-nation Euro-Atlantic Partnership Council (EAPC), a multilateral forum for dialogue and consultation on political and security-related issues among Allies and Partner countries in the Euro-Atlantic region.

36 activities with Belarus since 1992

11 Multi-Year Projects (MYP)
14 Advanced Study Institutes (ASI)
11 Advanced Research Workshops (ARW)

21 publications resulting from SPS activities led by Belarus

42 NATO Ally and Partner countries have cooperated with Belarus in SPS activities since 1992

- Armenia
- Australia
- Austria
- Azerbaijan
- Belgium
- Bulgaria
- Canada
- Czech Republic
- Denmark
- Finland
- France
- Georgia
- Germany
- Greece
- Hungary
- Israel
- Italy
- Japan
- Kazakhstan
- Kyrgyz Republic
- Latvia
- Lithuania
- Mexico
- Norway
- The Netherlands
- Pakistan
- Poland
- Portugal
- Republic of Korea
- Republic of Moldova
- Romania
- Russia
- Saudi Arabia
- Slovakia
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- Turkey
- Ukraine
- United Kingdom
- United States of America
- Uzbekistan

250 young scientists have benefitted from exchange programmes

Cooperation with Belarus over the Past Decade

Activities with Belarus have focused on the following SPS Key Priorities:

- Advanced Technologies
- CBRN Defence

343 students and lecturers have taken part in ARWs led by Belarus and NATO Allies

www.nato.int/science @NATO_SPS